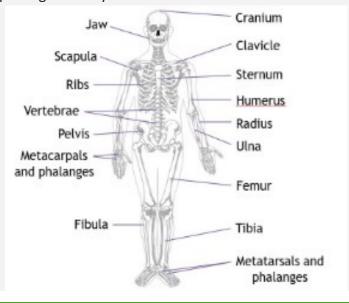




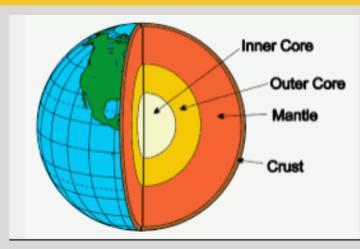
#### (1) Biology—The Skeletal System

#### The function of the skeleton:

- Protection of internal organs.
- Working with muscles to provide movement.
- Creating blood cells.
- Supporting the body.



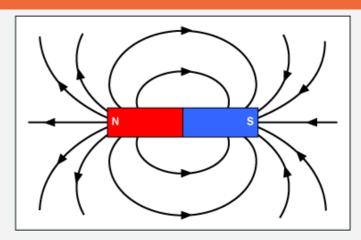
#### (2) Chemistry— The Structure of the Earth



- The Earth provides us with resources such as metal, paper and fossil fuels. Lots of these resources are limited.
- Therefore we need to recycle as much as we can. If a material can be recycled it shows the recycling symbol.
- The three arrows represent: reduce, reuse, recycle.



# (3) Physics—Magnetism



**Magnetic field**—The area around a magnet where is has a magnetic effect.

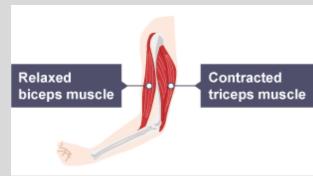
The three magnetic elements are: Iron, Nickel, Cobalt.

#### (4) Biology— Key Vocabulary

Joint—Found between bones.

Tendon—Joins muscles to bones.

**Antagonistic muscles**—A pair of muscles that work together to allow movement.



**Stem**—Part of the plant that provides support.

# ΑV

### **Trinity TV**

For more help, visit Trinity TV and watch the following videos:

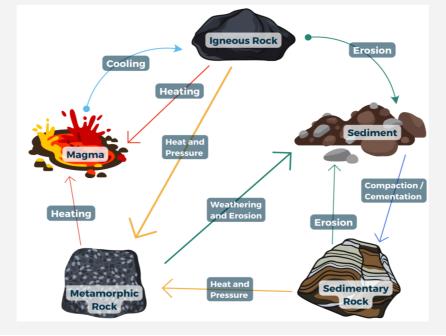
Trinity TV > Year > Subject

## (4) Chemistry—Types of Rock

**Igneous Rock**—Formed from molten rock called magma that has cooled and solidified. Contains crystals. E.g. Granite.

**Sedimentary Rock**—Formed from sediments (broken rocks) that have been compressed over time into layers. Often contains fossils. E.g. Limestone.

**Metamorphic Rock**—Formed through changes to other rocks due to heat and pressure. E,g. Marble.



#### (6) Physics—The Earth & Space

**Sun**—A star in the centre of our solar system.

**Galaxy**—A collection of stars in space e.g. The Milky Way,

Andromeda, Sombrero.

**Light year**—The distance light travels in one year.

**Axis**—The tilt of the Earth.

**Orbit**—The path an object takes when it travels around another

object such as a planet or

star.

- Summer and Spring—
  The Earth is tilted
  towards the Sun.
- Autumn and Winter—
  The Earth is tilted away
  from the Sun.

